

DiDi Announces Results for Second Quarter 2026

Beijing, August 13, 2026 - DiDi Global Inc. (“we”, “us”, “DiDi” and the “Company”), a leading mobility technology platform, today announced its unaudited interim condensed financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2026.

Mr. Will Wei Cheng, the founder and Chief Executive Officer of DiDi, commented, “In the second quarter, our core businesses continued to develop steadily, with transactions reaching a new record high. Amidst ongoing improvements in safety, certainty, efficiency and service capabilities, our China mobility business has demonstrated sustainable growth. At the same time, our international business has also achieved robust growth as ecosystem synergies continue to strengthen. We remain highly confident in our global development and will continue to solidify our localized services and foundational capabilities, while deepening synergies across different businesses. Looking ahead to the second half of the year, we intend to continue strengthening driver protection initiatives while actively pursuing progress in AI and autonomous driving. We will work closely with our global partners to create more quality DiDi services for our users.”

Second Quarter 2026 Highlights

- **Core Platform Transactions¹** for the second quarter of 2026 reached 5,052 million, an increase of 13.2% from the second quarter of 2025. Transactions for the China Mobility segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached 3,648 million, an increase of 8.1% from the second quarter of 2025. Transactions for the International segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached 1,403 million, an increase of 29.0% from the second quarter of 2025.
- **Core Platform Gross Transaction Value² (“GTV³”)** for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB133.9 billion, an increase of 22.2%, or 20.2% on a constant currency basis⁴, from the second quarter of 2025. GTV from the China Mobility segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB90.4 billion, an increase of 9.5% from the second quarter of 2025. GTV from the International segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB43.6 billion, an increase of 61.1%, or 52.8% on a constant currency basis, from the second quarter of 2025.
- **Platform Sales⁵ from the China Mobility and International segments** for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB25.2 billion, an increase of 21.2% from the second quarter of 2025. Platform Sales from the China Mobility segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB21.9 billion, an increase of 21.6% from the second quarter of 2025. Platform Sales from the International segment for the second quarter of 2026 reached RMB3.3 billion, an increase of 18.4% from the second quarter of 2025.
- **Profit** for the second quarter of 2026 was RMB0.9 billion. **Profit attributable to equity holders of DiDi** for the second quarter of 2026 was RMB0.9 billion.
- **Adjusted EBITDA (Non-IFRS)⁶** for the second quarter of 2026 was a gain of RMB1.3 billion. **Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS)⁶** for the second quarter of 2026 was a gain of RMB0.5 billion. The Adjusted EBITA (non-IFRS) of the China Mobility segment was a gain of RMB4.2 billion in the second quarter of 2026. The Adjusted EBITA (non-IFRS) loss of the International segment was RMB2.9 billion in the second quarter of 2026. The Adjusted EBITA (non-IFRS) loss of the Other Initiatives segment was RMB0.7 billion in the second quarter of 2026. **Adjusted profit (Non-IFRS)⁷** for the second quarter of 2026 was RMB0.3 billion.
- **Total cash and cash equivalents and treasury investments** were RMB48.7 billion as of June 30, 2026.

¹ Core Platform Transactions refers to the number of completed rides for the China Mobility segment and completed rides or food deliveries for the International segment. Transactions are counted by the number of orders completed, so a carpooling ride with two paying consumers represents two transactions, even if both consumers start and end their ride at the same place, whereas two passengers on the same ride transaction order count as one transaction.

² Core Platform Gross Transaction Value refers to the summation of the GTV for the China Mobility and International segments.

³ GTV refers to the total transaction value, including any applicable taxes, tolls and fees, of completed Transactions without any adjustment for consumer incentives or for earnings and incentives paid to drivers for mobility services, merchant or delivery partners for food delivery services, or service partners for other initiatives.

⁴ Constant currency GTV is generally calculated by translating current period GTV using the corresponding prior period’s monthly exchange rates for currencies other than RMB.

⁵ Platform Sales refers to GTV less all of the earnings and incentives paid to drivers and partners, tolls, fees, taxes and others, calculated separately for each business in each country (subject to a floor of zero for each separate result) and then aggregated.

⁶ Adjusted EBITDA is defined as profit (loss) for the period/year before (i) investment income (loss), net, (ii) share of profit (loss) of equity method investees, (iii) interest income, (iv) finance (costs) income, net, (v) fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries, (vi) income tax benefit (expense), (vii) expense (benefit) related to share-based awards, (viii) amortization of intangible assets, (ix) impairment of goodwill and intangible assets acquired from business combination, (x) gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries, (xi) provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit, and (xii) depreciation of property and equipment and right-of-use-assets. Adjusted EBITA is defined as profit (loss) for the period/year before the first eleven of these twelve items.

⁷ Adjusted profit (loss) is defined as profit (loss) for the period/year before (i) expense (benefit) related to share-based awards, (ii) amortization of intangible assets, (iii) impairment of goodwill and intangible assets acquired from business combination, (iv) gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries, (v) investment income (loss) on certain investments, net⁸, (vi) reconciling items on the share of profit (loss) of equity method investees⁹, (vii) fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries, (viii) provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit, and (ix) tax effects on non-IFRS adjustments.

<i>(In RMB millions except transactions)</i>	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			% Change (Constant Currency)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			% Change (Constant Currency)
	2025	2026	% Change		2025	2026	% Change	
Operational highlights								
Transactions (in millions)	4,464	5,052	13.2%		8,711	9,853	13.1%	
China Mobility.....	3,376	3,648	8.1%		6,634	7,195	8.5%	
International.....	1,088	1,403	29.0%		2,077	2,658	28.0%	
GTV	109,574	133,936	22.2%	20.2%	211,178	257,280	21.8%	19.6%
China Mobility.....	82,523	90,350	9.5%		160,569	176,118	9.7%	
International.....	27,051	43,586	61.1%	52.8%	50,609	81,161	60.4%	51.2%
Platform Sales	20,770	25,171	21.2%		39,310	47,689	21.3%	
China Mobility.....	18,019	21,916	21.6%		34,053	41,503	21.9%	
International.....	2,751	3,256	18.4%		5,257	6,186	17.7%	
Financial highlights								
Profit (loss) for the period	(2,482)	869	n/m		(125)	(350)	n/m	
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of DiDi	(2,485)	866	n/m		(129)	(354)	n/m	
Adjusted EBITDA (Non-IFRS)	3,198	1,317	n/m		6,279	2,230	n/m	
Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS)	2,502	540	n/m		4,925	717	n/m	
China Mobility.....	3,623	4,167	15.0%		6,750	8,135	20.5%	
International.....	(748)	(2,885)	n/m		(924)	(5,770)	n/m	
Other Initiatives.....	(373)	(742)	n/m		(901)	(1,647)	n/m	
Adjusted profit (loss) for the period (Non-IFRS)	3,069	284	n/m		5,963	184	n/m	

n/m Not meaningful

Numbers in this announcement are presented on a rounded basis based on actual amounts. Totals may not add up precisely due to rounding.

Second Quarter 2026 Results

China Mobility

In the second quarter of 2026, average daily transactions reached a record high of 40.1 million. Building on this momentum, we plan to further increase consumer and driver engagement in 2026 through our ongoing investments in our ecosystem for drivers and by expanding a broader range of affordable offerings for our consumers.

(In RMB millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2026	% Change	2025	2026	% Change
GTV	82,523	90,350	9.5%	160,569	176,118	9.7%
Platform Sales	18,019	21,916	21.6%	34,053	41,503	21.9%
Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS)	3,623	4,167	15.0%	6,750	8,135	20.5%

- **GTV of RMB90.4 billion:** GTV from the China Mobility segment increased by 9.5% year-over-year, primarily driven by the increase in the number of transactions for the China Mobility segment.
- **Platform Sales of RMB21.9 billion:** Platform Sales from the China Mobility segment increased by 21.6% year-over-year. The increase was driven by improved operating efficiency and the growth of GTV.
- **Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) gain of RMB4.2 billion:** Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) gain in the China Mobility segment increased by 15.0% year-over-year to RMB4.2 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB3.6 billion for the second quarter of 2025, primarily driven by the increase of Platform Sales and partially offset by the increase of consumer incentives attributable to the growth of business for the China Mobility segment.

International

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, our international mobility business remains profitable and continues to serve as a key anchor for our international ecosystem. As we expand our food delivery and other local services in key international markets, the ecosystem synergies among users, drivers, and our various business lines continue to deepen. We will keep strengthening our ecosystem capabilities, laying a solid foundation for long-term sustainable growth.

(In RMB millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025	2026	% Change	% Change (Constant Currency)	2025	2026	% Change	% Change (Constant Currency)
GTV	27,051	43,586	61.1%	52.8%	50,609	81,161	60.4%	51.2%
Platform Sales	2,751	3,256	18.4%		5,257	6,186	17.7%	
Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS)	(748)	(2,885)	n/m		(924)	(5,770)	n/m	

- **GTV of RMB43.6 billion:** GTV from the International segment increased by 61.1% year-over-year, or 52.8% on a constant currency basis, outpacing transaction growth due to a favorable mix shift towards our food delivery business with a greater average order value.
- **Platform Sales of RMB3.3 billion:** Platform Sales from the International segment increased by 18.4% year-over-year, primarily driven by the growth of GTV, partially offset by an increase in driver and partner earnings and incentives attributable to the growth of business for the International segment.
- **Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) loss of RMB2.9 billion:** Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) loss in the International segment increased by RMB2.1 billion year-over-year, primarily attributable to increased spending on incentives and marketing expenses.

Other Initiatives

(In RMB millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2026	% change	2025	2026	% change
Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS)	(373)	(742)	n/m	(901)	(1,647)	n/m

- **Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) loss of RMB0.7 billion:** Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS) loss in the Other Initiatives segment increased by RMB0.4 billion year-over-year, primarily due to our increased investment in certain businesses within this segment.

Revenues: Revenues increased by 10.8% to RMB62.5 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB56.4 billion for the second quarter of 2025, primarily driven by an increase in Core Platform GTV.

Cost of Revenues: Cost of revenues increased by 10.1% to RMB49.9 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB45.3 billion for the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to an increase in transaction related cost, which was driven primarily by an increase in the number of Core Platform Transactions.

Operations and Support Expenses: Operations and support expenses increased by 22.6% to RMB2.4 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB2.0 billion for the second quarter of 2025. The increase was primarily due to an increase in third-party customer service and driver operation expenses.

Sales and Marketing Expenses: Sales and marketing expenses increased by 66.6% to RMB5.4 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB3.3 billion for the second quarter of 2025. The increase was primarily due to the increase in consumer incentives and marketing expenses.

Research and Development Expenses: Research and development expenses increased by 22.5% to RMB2.4 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB1.9 billion for the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to the increase in personnel-related expenses.

General and Administrative Expenses: General and administrative expenses decreased by 65.9% to RMB2.5 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB7.5 billion for the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to a one-time provision for the previously disclosed shareholder class action lawsuit of RMB5.3 billion (US\$740 million) during the second quarter of 2025.

Income tax benefit (expense): Income tax expense increased to RMB0.7 billion for the second quarter of 2026 from RMB0.2 billion for the second quarter of 2025. The increase was primarily due to the utilization of deferred tax assets previously recognized for unused tax losses, driven by the taxable profits generated by certain entities during the current quarter.

Profit (loss) for the period: Profit for the second quarter of 2026 was RMB0.9 billion, compared to a loss of RMB2.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to a one-time provision for the previously disclosed shareholder class action lawsuit of RMB5.3 billion (US\$740 million) during the second quarter of 2025.

Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of DiDi: Profit attributable to equity holders of DiDi was RMB0.9 billion for the second quarter of 2026, compared to a loss of RMB2.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to a one-time provision for the previously disclosed shareholder class action lawsuit of RMB5.3 billion (US\$740 million) during the second quarter of 2025.

Adjusted EBITDA (Non-IFRS): Adjusted EBITDA for the second quarter of 2026 was a gain of RMB1.3 billion, compared to a gain of RMB3.2 billion in the second quarter of 2025.

Adjusted EBITA (Non-IFRS): Adjusted EBITA for the second quarter of 2026 was a gain of RMB0.5 billion, compared to a gain of RMB2.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025.

Adjusted profit (Non-IFRS): Adjusted profit for the second quarter of 2026 was RMB0.3 billion, compared to a profit of RMB3.1 billion in the second quarter of 2025.

Liquidity and Cash Flow

<i>(In RMB millions)</i>	As of	
	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026
Cash and cash equivalents	23,808	20,517
Short-term treasury investments	28,207	24,765
Long-term treasury investments	3,691	3,407
Total	55,706	48,689

As of June 30, 2026, cash and cash equivalents and treasury investments were RMB48.7 billion, compared to RMB55.7 billion as of December 31, 2025. The above table sets forth a summary of assets managed by our treasury function, including cash and cash equivalents and treasury investments.

<i>(In RMB millions)</i>	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities . . .	3,272	(797)	5,200	(8,532)
Net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities . . .	261	(2,823)	(961)	608
Net cash flows generated from financing activities	4,257	3,771	4,321	5,035
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents . .	120	(282)	50	(402)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,910	(131)	8,610	(3,291)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	13,255	20,648	12,555	23,808
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	21,165	20,517	21,165	20,517

Net cash flows used in operating activities was RMB0.8 billion for the second quarter of 2026, as compared to the Company's profit of RMB0.9 billion during the same period. The difference was due to non-cash or non-operating adjustments, as well as the changes in the Company's working capital during the second quarter of 2026.

Net cash flows used in investing activities was RMB2.8 billion for the second quarter of 2026, and were primarily related to the purchase of property and equipment.

Net cash flows generated from financing activities was RMB3.8 billion for the second quarter of 2026, and were primarily related to an increase of borrowings, partially offset by the repurchase of the Company's ADSs.

Other updates

Share Repurchase Program

On November 11, 2023, the Company's board of directors authorized a share repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to US\$1 billion of its shares within 24 months of the program's authorization. On March 17, 2025, the Company's board of directors authorized another share repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to US\$2 billion of its shares within 24 months of the program's authorization. As of July 31, 2026, the Company had repurchased a total of approximately 433.1 million ADSs for approximately US\$1,911.4 million under these share repurchase programs, including approximately 24.4 million ADSs that were repurchased for approximately US\$86.2 million between May 27, 2026 and July 31, 2026.

About DiDi Global Inc.

DiDi is a leading mobility technology platform. It offers a wide range of app-based services across Asia Pacific, Latin America and other global markets, including ride hailing, taxi hailing, chauffeur and other forms of shared mobility as well as certain energy and vehicle services, food delivery, intra-city freight and financial services.

Use of Non-IFRS Financial Measures

In evaluating its business, the Company considers and uses certain non-IFRS financial measures including Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITA and Adjusted profit (loss) to supplement the review and assessment of its operating performance. The Company believes that these non-IFRS measures provide useful information about its core operating results, enhance the overall understanding of its past performance and future prospects and allow for greater visibility with respect to key metrics used by its management in its financial and operational decision-making.

The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as profit (loss) for the period/year before (i) investment income (loss), net, (ii) share of profit (loss) of equity method investees, (iii) interest income, (iv) finance (costs) income, net, (v) fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries, (vi) income tax benefit (expense), (vii) expense (benefit) related to share-based awards, (viii) amortization of intangible assets, (ix) impairment of goodwill and intangible assets acquired from business combination, (x) gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries, (xi) provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit, and (xii) depreciation of property and equipment and right-of-use-assets. Adjusted EBITA is defined as profit (loss) for the period/year before the first eleven of these twelve items.

The Company defines Adjusted profit (loss) as profit (loss) for the period/year before (i) expense (benefit) related to share-based awards, (ii) amortization of intangible assets, (iii) impairment of goodwill and intangible assets acquired from business combination, (iv) gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries, (v) investment income (loss) on certain investments, net⁸, (vi) reconciling items on the share of profit (loss) of equity method investees⁹, (vii) fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries, (viii) provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit, and (ix) tax effects on non-IFRS adjustments.

These non-IFRS financial measures are not defined under IFRS and are not presented in accordance with IFRS. They should not be considered in isolation or construed as an alternative to net profit (loss) or any other measure of performance or as an indicator of the Company's operating performance. Investors are encouraged to review these historical non-IFRS financial measures in light of the most directly comparable IFRS measures. These non-IFRS financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

For more information on the non-IFRS financial measures, please see the table captioned "Reconciliations of IFRS and Non-IFRS Results" set forth in this press release.

Safe Harbor Statement

This press release contains statements that may constitute "forward-looking" statements which are made pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "will," "expects," "anticipates," "aims," "future," "intends," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "likely to," and similar statements. In particular, the settlement in principle of our shareholder class action lawsuits is subject to various conditions, including negotiation and execution of the full settlement agreement and approval by the court. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the Company's beliefs, plans, and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Further information regarding these and other risks is included in the Company's filings with the SEC. All information provided in this press release is as of the date of this press release, and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, except as required under applicable law.

⁸ This mainly includes fair value changes related to investee companies accounted for as FVTPL and the impairment loss of equity method investees.

⁹ This represents the IFRS to non-IFRS reconciling items on the share of profit (loss) of equity method investees.

DiDi Global Inc.
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statements
(Amounts in millions, except for share and per share data)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Revenues	56,404	62,522	109,666	121,265
Cost of revenues	(45,328)	(49,910)	(88,575)	(97,210)
Operations and support	(1,998)	(2,449)	(3,818)	(4,673)
Sales and marketing	(3,258)	(5,429)	(5,855)	(10,517)
Research and development	(1,939)	(2,376)	(3,858)	(4,787)
General and administrative	(7,473)	(2,545)	(9,502)	(5,317)
Other operating income (loss), net	371	1,232	553	1,602
Operating profit (loss) ¹	(3,221)	1,045	(1,389)	363
Investment income (loss), net	168	79	355	(124)
Share of profit (loss) of equity method investees	79	68	187	118
Interest income	510	353	1,031	743
Finance (costs) income, net	91	32	30	45
Fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries	78	27	(25)	(10)
Profit (loss) before income tax	(2,295)	1,604	189	1,135
Income tax benefit (expense)	(187)	(735)	(314)	(1,485)
Profit (loss) for the period	(2,482)	869	(125)	(350)
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company	(2,485)	866	(129)	(354)
Non-controlling interests	3	3	4	4
	(2,482)	869	(125)	(350)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in computing earnings per share for profit (loss)				
-basic	1,192,488,908	1,129,887,401	1,196,241,622	1,148,745,462
-diluted	1,192,488,908	1,183,412,212	1,196,241,622	1,189,355,452
Earnings (loss) per share for profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company (in RMB per share)				
- basic	(2.08)	0.77	(0.11)	(0.31)
- diluted	(2.10)	(0.16)	(0.12)	(1.10)
Weighted average number of ADSs used in computing earnings per ADS for profit (loss)				
-basic	4,769,955,632	4,519,549,604	4,784,966,488	4,594,981,848
-diluted	4,769,955,632	4,733,648,848	4,784,966,488	4,757,421,808
Earnings (loss) per ADS for profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company (in RMB per ADS)				
- basic	(0.52)	0.19	(0.03)	(0.08)
- diluted	(0.52)	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.27)

¹ Includes expenses (benefits) related to share-based awards as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Operations and support	16	1	42	22
Sales and marketing	37	21	90	64
Research and development	180	91	394	390
General and administrative	186	170	465	597
Other operating loss (income), net	-	(796)	-	(733)

DiDi Global Inc.
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Amounts in millions)

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months	
	June 30,		Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Profit (loss) for the period	(2,482)	869	(125)	(350)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
<i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	325	685	531	1,535
Fair value changes of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss)	4	(92)	46	(235)
Net provisions for impairment losses on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	252	36	468	488
Transfer to profit or loss upon disposal of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	(20)	-	(376)
Share of other comprehensive loss of equity method investees	-	(5)	-	(5)
<i>Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(264)	(1,263)	(408)	(2,576)
Fair value changes of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(582)	(215)	1,313	(1,017)
Fair value changes of preferred shares issued by subsidiaries attributable to changes in the credit risk	96	(35)	288	(43)
	<u>(169)</u>	<u>(909)</u>	<u>2,238</u>	<u>(2,229)</u>
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(2,651)	(40)	2,113	(2,579)
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company	(2,654)	(43)	2,109	(2,583)
Non-controlling interests	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
	(2,651)	(40)	2,113	(2,579)

DiDi Global Inc.
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Amounts in millions)

	As of	
	December 31,	June 30,
	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Property and equipment	5,688	8,247
Right-of-use assets	1,150	1,100
Goodwill	46,284	46,284
Intangible assets	717	725
Deferred tax assets	2,857	2,621
Restricted cash	88	233
Long-term treasury investments	3,691	3,407
Investments accounted for using the equity method	3,929	4,290
Other financial investments measured at fair value through profit or loss	5,489	7,038
Other financial investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	5,589	1,519
Other non-current assets	3,366	3,451
	78,848	78,915
Current assets		
Accounts receivable and contract assets	4,649	5,393
Prepayments, receivables and other current assets ²	18,463	27,980
Short-term treasury investments	28,207	24,765
Restricted cash	3,610	4,150
Cash and cash equivalents	23,808	20,517
	78,737	82,805
Total assets	157,585	161,720
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	98,071	88,172
Non-controlling interests	133	184
Total equity	98,204	88,356
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	231	283
Lease liabilities	704	618
Deferred tax liabilities	259	482
Other non-current liabilities ³	95	551
	1,289	1,934
Current liabilities		
Borrowings	12,354	21,233
Preferred shares issued by subsidiaries	10,679	10,154
Lease liabilities	476	519
Accounts and notes payable	4,937	4,810
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities ³	29,646	34,714
	58,092	71,430
Total liabilities	59,381	73,364
Total equity and liabilities	157,585	161,720

² The increase was primarily due to the full settlement of RMB5.1 billion (US\$740 million) deposited in February 2026 into the escrow account designated by the court in connection with the previously disclosed shareholder class action lawsuit.

³ The increase was primarily due to the liabilities recognized for cash-settled share-based awards.

DiDi Global Inc.
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Amounts in millions)

	For the Three Months		For the Six Months	
	Ended June 30,		Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities	3,272	(797)	5,200	(8,532)
Net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities	261	(2,823)	(961)	608
Net cash flows generated from financing activities	4,257	3,771	4,321	5,035
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	120	(282)	50	(402)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,910	(131)	8,610	(3,291)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	13,255	20,648	12,555	23,808
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	21,165	20,517	21,165	20,517

DiDi Global Inc.
Unaudited Selected Financial Information of Segments
(Amounts in millions)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Revenues:				
China Mobility.	50,330	54,778	98,352	106,978
International	3,413	5,127	6,561	9,578
Other Initiatives	2,661	2,617	4,753	4,709
Total segment revenues	56,404	62,522	109,666	121,265
Adjusted EBITA:				
China Mobility.	3,623	4,167	6,750	8,135
International	(748)	(2,885)	(924)	(5,770)
Other Initiatives	(373)	(742)	(901)	(1,647)
Total Adjusted EBITA (non-IFRS)	2,502	540	4,925	717
Benefit (expense) related to share-based awards.	(419)	513	(991)	(340)
Amortization of intangible assets	(6)	(8)	(23)	(14)
Gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	(2)	-
Provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit.	(5,298)	-	(5,298)	-
Total consolidated operating profit (loss)	(3,221)	1,045	(1,389)	363
	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Depreciation expenses of property and equipment, and right-of-use assets				
China Mobility.	119	113	170	224
International	45	73	60	139
Other Initiatives	532	591	1,124	1,150
Total depreciation expenses of property and equipment, and right-of-use assets	696	777	1,354	1,513

DiDi Global Inc.
Reconciliation of IFRS and Non-IFRS Results
(Amounts in millions)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Profit (loss) for the period	(2,482)	869	(125)	(350)
Less: Investment income (loss), net	(168)	(79)	(355)	124
Less: Share of profits (loss) of equity method investees	(79)	(68)	(187)	(118)
Less: Interest income	(510)	(353)	(1,031)	(743)
Less: Finance (costs) income, net	(91)	(32)	(30)	(45)
Less: Fair value changes of preferred shares and other financial instruments issued by subsidiaries	(78)	(27)	25	10
Less: Income tax benefit (expense)	187	735	314	1,485
Operating profit (loss)	(3,221)	1,045	(1,389)	363
Add: Expense (benefit) related to share-based awards	419	(513)	991	340
Add: Amortization of intangible assets	6	8	23	14
Less: Gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	2	-
Add: Provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit	5,298	-	5,298	-
Adjusted EBITA (non-IFRS)	2,502	540	4,925	717
Add: Depreciation expenses of property and equipment, and right-of-use assets	696	777	1,354	1,513
Adjusted EBITDA (non-IFRS)	3,198	1,317	6,279	2,230

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Profit (loss) for the period	(2,482)	869	(125)	(350)
Add: Expense (benefit) related to share-based awards	419	(513)	991	340
Add: Amortization of intangible assets	6	8	23	14
Less: Gain or loss on disposal or deemed disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	2	-
Less: Investment income (loss) on certain investments, net	(110)	(53)	(246)	169
Less: Reconciling items on the share of profits (loss) of equity method investees	16	1	8	2
Less: Fair value changes of preferred shares issued and other financial instruments by subsidiaries	(78)	(27)	25	10
Add: Provision for the shareholder class action lawsuit	5,298	-	5,298	-
Less: Tax effects on non-IFRS adjustments	-	(1)	(13)	(1)
Adjusted profit (loss) for the period (non-IFRS)	3,069	284	5,963	184